AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MAY 3, 2010 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 12, 2010 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MARCH 18, 2010

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2009-10 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 1726

Introduced by Assembly Member Swanson

February 3, 2010

An act to amend Section 1363.03 of the Civil Code, relating to common interest developments.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 1726, as amended, Swanson. Common interest developments: ballots: quorums.

The Davis-Stirling Common Interest Development Act governs the establishment and management of common interest developments. These provisions require that a common interest development be managed by an association and that elections related to the governance or administration of the common interest development conform to specified requirements, including the establishment of a quorum. Existing law provides for votes on specified matters to be held by secret ballot and requires the ballots to be sent, with 2 preaddressed envelopes, to each member of the association, in accordance with the model used by California counties for ensuring confidentiality of "vote by mail" ballots.

This bill would clarify that the ballots are mailed in accordance with the model used by California counties for ensuring confidentiality of "voter absentee" ballots, and would specify that each ballot be placed AB 1726 — 2 —

into an inner envelope that is sealed and then placed into an outside mailing envelope addressed to the inspector for the election.

This bill would provide that, except for associations whose governing documents provide for a reduced quorum, as provided, the quorum required for purposes of a subsequent members' meeting *scheduled for that particular election only* or election of directors would require a quorum of 33% of the association membership entitled to vote. This bill would require that these provisions be disclosed in the members' election materials mailed to the members. This bill would also provide that these provisions do not apply to any other part of the act.

This bill would also make technical, clarifying changes to that provision.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: no. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 1363.03 of the Civil Code is amended 2 to read:

1363.03. (a) An association shall adopt rules, in accordance with the procedures prescribed by Article 4 (commencing with Section 1357.100) of Chapter 2, that do all of the following:

- (1) Ensure that if any candidate or member advocating a point of view is provided access to association media, newsletters, or Internet Web sites during a campaign, for purposes that are reasonably related to that election, equal access shall be provided to all candidates and members advocating a point of view, including those not endorsed by the board, for purposes that are reasonably related to the election. The association shall not edit or redact any content from these communications, but may include a statement specifying that the candidate or member, and not the association, is responsible for that content.
- (2) Ensure access to the common area meeting space, if any exists, during a campaign, at no cost, to all candidates, including those who are not incumbents, and to all members advocating a point of view, including those not endorsed by the board, for purposes reasonably related to the election.
- (3) Specify the qualifications for candidates for the board of directors and any other elected position, and procedures for the nomination of candidates, consistent with the governing documents.

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(4) A nomination or election procedure shall not be deemed reasonable if it disallows any member of the association from nominating himself or herself for election to the board of directors.

- (5) Specify the qualifications for voting, the voting power of each membership, the authenticity, validity, and effect of proxies, and the voting period for elections, including the times at which polls will open and close, consistent with the governing documents.
- (6) Specify a method of selecting one or three independent third parties as inspector, or inspectors, of election utilizing one of the following methods:
 - (A) Appointment of the inspector or inspectors by the board.
- (B) Election of the inspector or inspectors by the members of the association.
 - (C) Any other method for selecting the inspector or inspectors.
- (7) Allow the inspector, or inspectors, to appoint and oversee additional persons to verify signatures and to count and tabulate votes as the inspector or inspectors deem appropriate, provided that the persons are independent third parties.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other law or provision of the governing documents, elections regarding assessments legally requiring a vote, election and removal of members of the association board of directors, amendments to the governing documents, or the grant of exclusive use of common area property pursuant to Section 1363.07 shall be held by secret ballot in accordance with the procedures set forth in this section. A quorum shall be required only if so stated in the governing documents of the association or other provisions of law. If a quorum is required by the governing documents, each outside mailing envelope completed pursuant to subdivision (f) received by the inspector of elections shall be treated as a member present at a meeting for purposes of establishing a quorum. An association shall allow for cumulative voting using the secret ballot procedures provided in this section, if cumulative voting is provided for in the governing documents.
- (c) (1) The association shall select an independent third party or parties as an inspector of election. The number of inspectors of election shall be one or three.
- (2) For the purposes of this section, an independent third party includes, but is not limited to, a volunteer poll worker with the county registrar of voters, a licensee of the California Board of Accountancy, or a notary public. An independent third party may

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1 be a member of the association, but may not be a member of the

- 2 board of directors or a candidate for the board of directors or related
- 3 to a member of the board of directors or a candidate for the board
- 4 of directors. An independent third party may not be a person,
- 5 business entity, or subdivision of a business entity that is currently
- 6 employed by or under contract with the association for any 7 compensable services unless expressly authorized by rules of the 8 association adopted pursuant to paragraph (6) of subdivision (a).
 - (3) The inspector or inspectors of election shall do all of the following:
 - (A) Determine the number of memberships entitled to vote and the voting power of each.
 - (B) Determine the authenticity, validity, and effect of proxies, if any.
 - (C) Receive ballots.

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- (D) Hear and determine all challenges and questions in any way arising out of or in connection with the right to vote.
 - (E) Count and tabulate all votes.
- (F) Determine when the polls shall close, consistent with the governing documents.
 - (G) Determine the tabulated results of the election.
- (H) Perform any acts as may be proper to conduct the election with fairness to all members in accordance with this section, the Corporations Code, and all applicable rules of the association regarding the conduct of the election that are not in conflict with this section.
- (4) An inspector of election shall perform his or her duties impartially, in good faith, to the best of his or her ability, and as expeditiously as is practical. If there are three inspectors of election, the decision or act of a majority shall be effective in all respects as the decision or act of all. Any report made by the inspector or inspectors of election is prima facie evidence of the facts stated in the report.
- (d) For purposes of this section, the following definitions shall apply:
- (1) "Proxy" means a written authorization signed by a member or the authorized representative of the member that gives another member or members the power to vote on behalf of that member.
- (2) "Sign or signed" means the placing of the member's name on the proxy (whether by manual signature, typewriting, telegraphic

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transmission, or otherwise) by the member or authorized representative of the member.

- (e) Proxies shall not be construed or used in lieu of a ballot. An association may use proxies if permitted or required by the bylaws of the association and if those proxies meet the requirements of this article, other laws, and the association's governing documents, but the association shall not be required to prepare or distribute proxies pursuant to this section. Any instruction given in a proxy issued for an election that directs the manner in which the proxy holder is to cast the vote shall be set forth on a separate page of the proxy that can be detached and given to the proxy holder to retain. The proxy holder shall cast the member's vote by secret ballot. The proxy may be revoked by the member prior to the receipt of the ballot by the inspector of elections as described in Section 7613 of the Corporations Code.
- (f) Ballots and two preaddressed envelopes with instructions on how to return ballots shall be mailed by first-class mail or delivered by the association to every member not less than 30 days prior to the deadline for voting. In order to preserve confidentiality, a voter may not be identified by name, address, or lot, parcel, or unit number on the ballot. The association shall use as a model those procedures used by California counties for ensuring confidentiality of voter absentee ballots, including all of the following:
- (1) The ballot itself is not signed by the voter, but is inserted into an inner envelope that is sealed. The envelope is inserted into an outside mailing envelope that is sealed. In the upper left-hand corner of the outside mailing envelope, the voter shall sign his or her name and indicate the address or separate interest identifier that entitles him or her to vote.
- (2) The outside mailing envelope is addressed to the inspector or inspectors of election, who will be tallying the votes. The envelope may be mailed or delivered by hand to a location specified by the inspector or inspectors of election. The member may request a receipt for delivery.
- (g) All votes shall be counted and tabulated by the inspector or inspectors of election or his or her designee in public at a properly noticed open meeting of the board of directors or members. Any candidate or other member of the association may witness the counting and tabulation of the votes. No person, including a

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member of the association or an employee of the management company, shall open or otherwise review any ballot prior to the 3 time and place at which the ballots are counted and tabulated. The 4 inspector of election, or his or her designee, may verify the 5 member's information and signature on the outside mailing 6 envelope prior to the meeting at which ballots are tabulated. Once a secret ballot is received by the inspector of elections, it shall be irrevocable.

- (h) The tabulated results of the election shall be promptly reported to the board of directors of the association and shall be recorded in the minutes of the next meeting of the board of directors and shall be available for review by members of the association. Within 15 days of the election, the board shall publicize the tabulated results of the election in a communication directed to all members.
- (i) The sealed ballots at all times shall be in the custody of the inspector or inspectors of election or at a location designated by the inspector or inspectors until after the tabulation of the vote, and until the time allowed by Section 7527 of the Corporations Code for challenging the election has expired, at which time custody shall be transferred to the association. If there is a recount or other challenge to the election process, the inspector or inspectors of election shall, upon written request, make the ballots available for inspection and review by an association member or his or her authorized representative. Any recount shall be conducted in a manner that preserves the confidentiality of the vote.
- (j) After the transfer of the ballots to the association, the ballots shall be stored by the association in a secure place for no less than one year after the date of the election.
- (k) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the rules adopted pursuant to this section may provide for the nomination of candidates from the floor of membership meetings or nomination by any other manner. Those rules may permit write-in candidates for ballots.
- (1) Except for the meeting to count the votes required in subdivision (f), an election may be conducted entirely by mail unless otherwise specified in the governing documents.
- (m) The provisions of this section apply to both incorporated and unincorporated associations, notwithstanding any contrary provision of the governing documents.

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(n) The procedures set forth in this section shall apply to votes cast directly by the membership, but do not apply to votes cast by delegates or other elected representatives.

- (o) In the event of a conflict between this section and the provisions of the Nonprofit Mutual Benefit Corporation Law (Part 3 (commencing with Section 7110) of Division 2 of Title 1 of the Corporations Code) relating to elections, the provisions of this section shall prevail.
- (p) (1) Except for associations whose governing documents provide for a reduced quorum for an adjourned members' meeting or election of directors that could not be held due to the failure to obtain a quorum, the quorum required for purposes of a subsequent members' meeting *scheduled for that particular election only* or election of directors shall be 33 percent of the association membership entitled to vote.
- (2) The association shall disclose the provisions of paragraph (1) in the members' election materials that are mailed to the members.
- (3) The provisions of paragraph (1) shall only apply to this section and are not applicable to any other provision in this title.